

Industry Spotlight

Leisure & Hospitality

Broward County, Florida



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Spotlight Summary

Leisure & Hospitality Broward County, Florida – 2022Q1

EMPLOYMENT



95,243

Regional employment / 15,797,434 in the nation

0.8%

Avg Ann % Change Last 10 Years / +0.9% in the U.S.



10.4%

% of Total Employment / **10.1%** in the U.S.



WAGES



\$32,873

Avg Wages per Worker / \$29,921 in the nation

3.3%

Avg Ann % Change Last 10 Years / +3.7% in the U.S.



TOP OCCUPATION GROUPS



TOP INDUSTRIES

Avg Ann % Change in Employment, Last 10 Years

0.9 % n

Accommodation and Food Services

O.7 % Region Nation

1.7 % Region Nation

Total - All Industries

Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation

Industry Snapshot

EMPLOYMENT



WAGES



		Avg Ann			Annual	Forecast Ann
2-Digit Industry	Empl	Wages	LQ	5yr History	Demand	Growth
Accommodation and Food Services	79,770	\$29,693	1.06		15,454	2.4%
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	15,473	\$49,269	0.94		2,677	3.4%
Leisure & Hospitality	95,243	\$32,873	1.04		18,136	2.6%



Employment is one of the broadest and most timely measures of a region's economy. Fluctuations in the number of jobs shed light on the health of an industry. A growing employment base creates more opportunities for regional residents and helps a region grow its population.



Since wages and salaries generally compose the majority of a household's income, the annual average wages of a region affect its average household income, housing market, quality of life, and other socioeconomic indicators.

Staffing Pattern



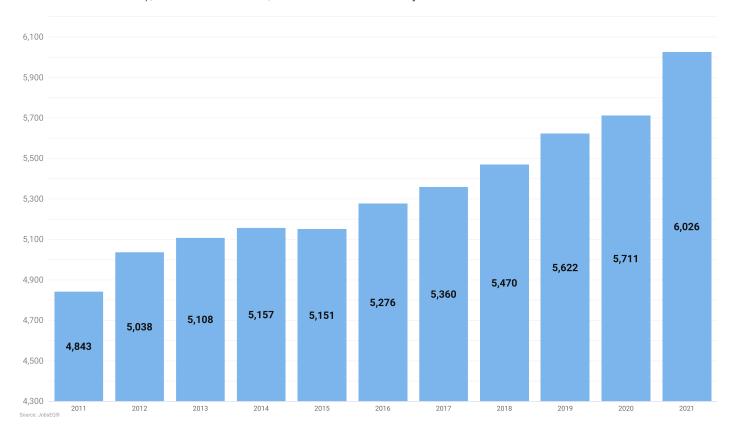
6-digit Occupation	Empl	Avg Ann Wages	Annual Demand
Fast Food and Counter Workers	14,354	\$23,400	3,490
Waiters and Waitresses	14,006	\$28,700	3,192
Cooks, Restaurant	8,853	\$31,800	1,880
First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	5,639	\$41,400	1,071
Cooks, Fast Food	3,877	\$23,800	604
Food Preparation Workers	3,201	\$29,100	647
Bartenders	3,108	\$28,100	674
Food Service Managers	2,818	\$77,400	373
Dishwashers	2,651	\$25,200	510
Hosts and Hostesses, Restaurant, Lounge, and Coffee Shop	2,575	\$25,200	716
Remaining Component Occupations	34,135	\$54,500	5,935
Total	95,218		



The mix of occupations points to the ability of a region to support an industry and its flexibility to adapt to future demand. Industry wages are a component of the cost of labor for regional employers.

Establishments

In 2021, there were 6,026 Leisure & Hospitality establishments in Broward County, Florida (per covered employment establishment counts), an increase from 4,843 establishments ten years earlier in 2011.





New business formations are an important source of job creation in a regional economy, spurring innovation and competition, and driving productivity growth. Establishment data can provide an indicator of growth in businesses by counting each single location (such as a factory or a store) where business activity takes place, and with at least one employee.

Industry Definition

Leisure & Hospitality is defined as the following NAICS industries:

Code	Description
71	Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation
72	Accommodation and Food Services

Data Notes

- Industry employment and wages (including total regional employment and wages) are as of 2022Q1 and are based upon BLS QCEW data, imputed by Chmura where necessary, and supplemented by additional sources including Census ZBP data. Employment forecasts are modeled by Chmura and are consistent with BLS national-level 10-year forecasts.
- Occupation employment is as of 2022Q1 and is based on industry employment and local staffing patterns
 calculated by Chmura and utilizing BLS OES data. Occupation wages are per the BLS OES data and are as of
 2021.
- GDP is derived from BEA data and imputations by Chmura. Productivity (output per worker) is calculated by Chmura using industry employment and wages as well as GDP and BLS output data. Supply chain modeling including purchases by industry are developed by Chmura.
- Postsecondary awards are per the NCES and are for the 2019-2020 academic year.
- Establishment counts are per the BLS QCEW data.
- Figures may not sum due to rounding.

FAQ

What is (LQ) location quotient?

Location quotient is a measurement of concentration in comparison to the nation. An LQ of 1.00 indicates a region has the same concentration of an industry (or occupation) as the nation. An LQ of 2.00 would mean the region has twice the expected employment compared to the nation and an LQ of 0.50 would mean the region has half the expected employment in comparison to the nation.

What is annual demand?

Annual demand is a of the sum of the annual projected growth demand and separation demand. Separation demand is the number of jobs required due to separations—labor force exits (including retirements) and turnover resulting from workers moving from one occupation into another. Note that separation demand does not include all turnover—it does not include when workers stay in the same occupation but switch employers. Growth demand is the increase or decrease of jobs expected due to expansion or contraction of the overall number of jobs.

What is the difference between industry wages and occupation wages?

Industry wages and occupation wages are estimated via separate data sets, often the time periods being reported do not align, and wages are defined slightly differently in the two systems (for example, certain bonuses are included in the industry wages but not the occupation wages). It is therefore common that estimates of the average industry wages and average occupation wages in a region do not match exactly.